

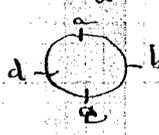
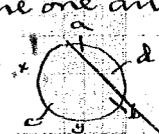
Notes for my Treatise on Arithmetic

Elementary Principles

Any two numbers are equal or else one is greater than the other or else one is ∞
~~But by ∞ we mean~~ Using ∞ to mean positive logarithmic infinity.

Addition

Q The numbers form a cycle \bigcirc let a, b, c , be three different numbers. Let $B(a, b, c)$ mean ~~between~~ ^{between} ~~and~~ ^{and} ~~from~~ ^{from} a to b (inclusive of both) in that way in which c is not between a and b . Then every number is either $B(a, b)$ or $B(b, a)$ or $B(a, c)$ and a alone is both $B(c, a)$ and $B(a, c)$ etc. If $a=b$ only a is $B(a, b)$ and if a, b, c are all the same number, only c is both $B(c, a)$ and $B(a, c)$. But what numbers one one and what the other is indeterminate.



If d is $B(a, b)$ then c is $B(a, b)$ while a is $B(c, d)$ and b is $B(c, d)$ and whatever is $B(c, a)$ or $B(a, c)$ is $B(a, d)$ and whatever is $B(a, d)$ or $B(d, a)$ is $B(a, c)$ and $B(c, a)$ and y is $B(a, b)$ and x is $B(b, c)$ and z is $B(c, d)$ while a is $B(x, y)$

If d is $B(a, b)$ then b is $B(a, d)$
 Hence if d is $B(a, b)$ or $B(b, a)$
 for any d is either $B(b, c)$ or $B(c, d)$ or $B(c, d)$
~~But for a mere $B(a, b)$ and $B(b, a)$~~



But if a were $B(b, c)$ d would be $B(b, c)$ and not $B(a, c)$ as supposed unless $d=c$
 and if a were $B(c, d)$ b would be $B(c, d)$ and not $B(a, c)$ as we find unless $b=c$
 Hence the best way to write d is $B(a, c)$ is b, d, c

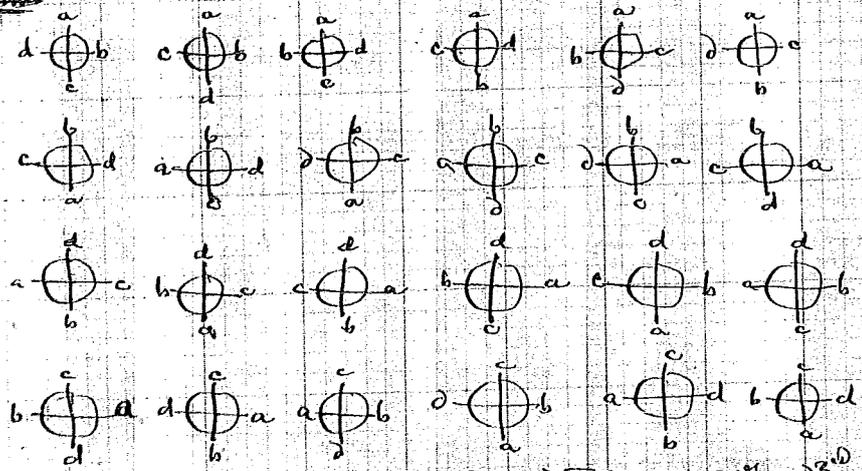
Restate, next leaf.

We have either a, b, c, d 
 or a, c, b, d 
 or a, d, b, c 

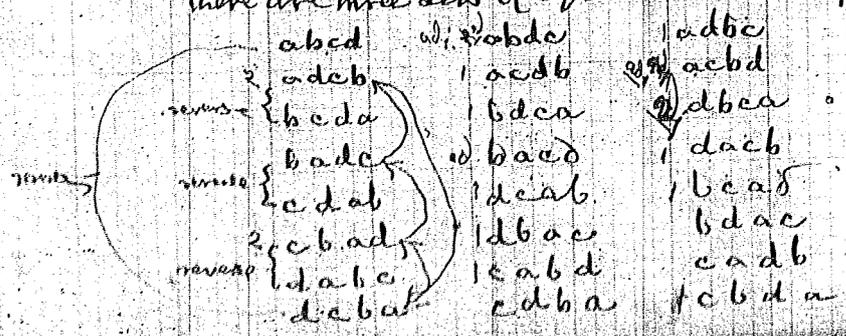
or $T_{abcb} + T_{cbca} + T_{cabca}$

$T_{abcb} = 0$ T

$T_{abcd} = T_{abdc} = T_{adcb} = T_{adbc} = T_{acdb} = T_{acbd}$ (interchange 1,2) (interchange 3,4)
 $T_{cbad} = T_{cbda} = T_{cabd} = T_{cabca} = T_{cbac} = T_{cbca}$ (interchange 1,2)
 $T_{cdab} = T_{cdba} = T_{cabd} = T_{cbad} = T_{cbda} = T_{cbca}$ (interchange 3,4)



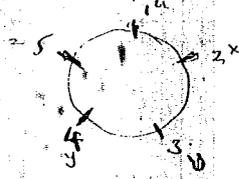
The value of σ remains unchanged by interchange of 1st and 3rd or 2nd and 4th (or both)
 or when cyclical order is preserved or reversed
 or when the members of each of two pair of letters are interchanged
 i.e. $abcd$ changed to $badc$ or to $cdab$ or $dcba$
 or when first and third (or second and fourth) either both or neither remain
 first and third (or second and fourth) in either order
 there are three sets of equivalent arrangements



$\rho \left(\begin{pmatrix} u & y \\ u & z \end{pmatrix} \right)$ and $\left(\begin{matrix} x & u \\ x & v \end{matrix} \right)$ then $\begin{pmatrix} u & v \\ y & x \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} y & z \\ v & u \end{pmatrix}$
~~or~~
 $\rho \left(\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ u & z \end{pmatrix} \right)$ and either $\begin{pmatrix} x & u \\ x & v \end{pmatrix}$ or ~~$\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ y & u \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} y & z \\ x & v \end{pmatrix}$~~



then $\rho \left(\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ u & z \end{pmatrix} \right)$ and ~~$\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ y & u \end{pmatrix}$~~ ~~$\begin{pmatrix} y & z \\ x & v \end{pmatrix}$~~ $\begin{pmatrix} y & z \\ v & u \end{pmatrix}$
 then $\begin{pmatrix} y & u \\ y & z \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} x & u \\ v & x \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} x & u \\ y & v \end{pmatrix}$



$\rho \left(\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \right)$ and $\begin{pmatrix} u & 5 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$
~~ie. $\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$~~
 ie. $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} u & 5 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$

$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$

then $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$
 and since the hypotenuse can be written

5134

$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$

by the same prin $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ v & x \end{pmatrix}$

ie. since we have $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$

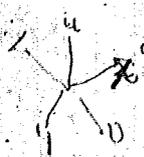
by the same principle $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 4 & v \end{pmatrix}$

Thus the soln. def. of the relation is

~~$\rho \left(\begin{pmatrix} y & z \\ x & u \end{pmatrix} \right)$~~ and yx

$\rho \left(\begin{pmatrix} y & z \\ v & x \end{pmatrix} \right)$ and $\begin{pmatrix} y & z \\ x & u \end{pmatrix}$ $\rho \left(\begin{pmatrix} y & z \\ v & x \end{pmatrix} \right)$ $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 4 & x \end{pmatrix}$

then $\begin{pmatrix} v & y \\ x & u \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} y & u \\ v & x \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} y & u \\ v & x \end{pmatrix}$



or $\rho \left(\begin{pmatrix} v & y \\ x & z \end{pmatrix} \right)$ $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & y \\ u & x \end{pmatrix}$

by $\rho \left(\begin{pmatrix} 2 & x \\ 1 & v \end{pmatrix} \right)$

$\rho \left(\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right)$ $\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ then $\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\rho \left(\begin{pmatrix} u & \omega \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right)$ $\begin{pmatrix} u & \omega \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ then $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ ie. α

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \dots \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \omega & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

The primitive presentation is that

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 1 & \omega \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \omega \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ \alpha & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & \alpha \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

0.5
 1.25
 3.125
 1.5625
 0.78125
 0.390625
 0.1953125
 0.09765625
 0.048828125
 0.0244140625
 0.01220703125
 0.006103515625
 0.0030517578125
 0.00152587890625
 0.000762939453125
 0.0003814697265625
 0.00019073486328125
 0.000095367431640625

0.1
 0.01
 0.0001
 0.0000000001
 0.0000000000000001

Rule of Direct Division (to obtain the entire circulating secundal of the quotient). Dividend and Divisor are assumed to be odd integers expressed secundally. Then the Rule is as follows:

Operation 1st. Strike off the 1 in the ^{zero} ~~units~~ place of the divisor

Operation 2nd. To the truncated remnant, the place of each figure being assumed to be one less than before, add 1, and call the sum the Pontifex.

Operation 3rd. Designate the dividend the zeroth (0^{th}) Pons if it be not equal to one

Operation 4th. As soon as any Pons, say the n^{th} is found, strike off from the end its last 1 with ~~the~~ whatever 0s may follow it and call what is struck off the n^{th} increment. And to the truncated remnant, if it be not equal to a previous Pons considered as ending in the ^{zero} place, if it be not equal to a previous Pons add the Pontifex, and call the sum the $(n+1)^{\text{th}}$ Pons.

But if it be equal to a Previous Pons, proceed to perform its 5th operation

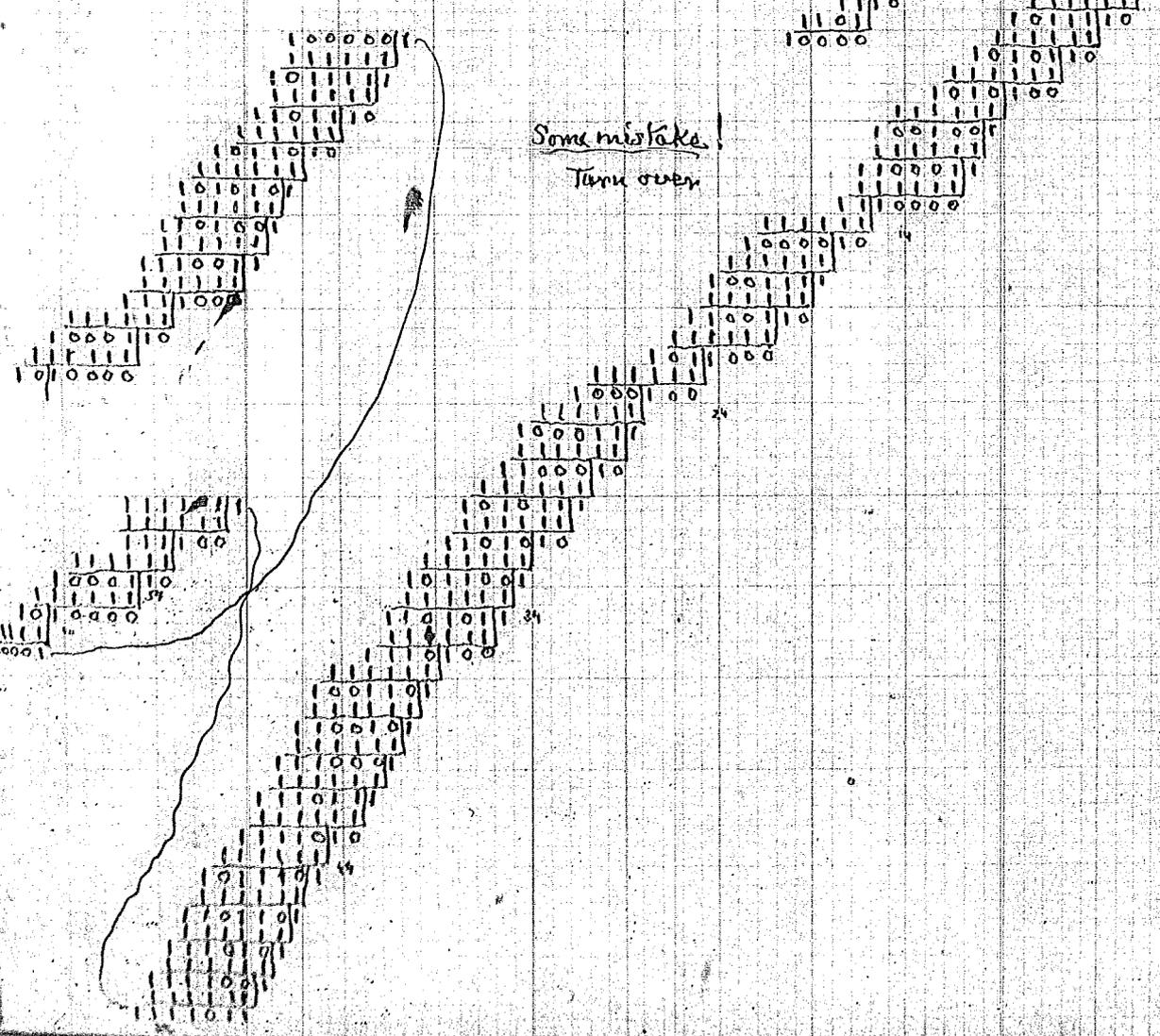
To express $\frac{1}{101}$ in circulating decimal equivalent $\frac{101}{11}$

$101^2 = \frac{101}{11001}$ To find its circulant $\frac{11001}{1101}$

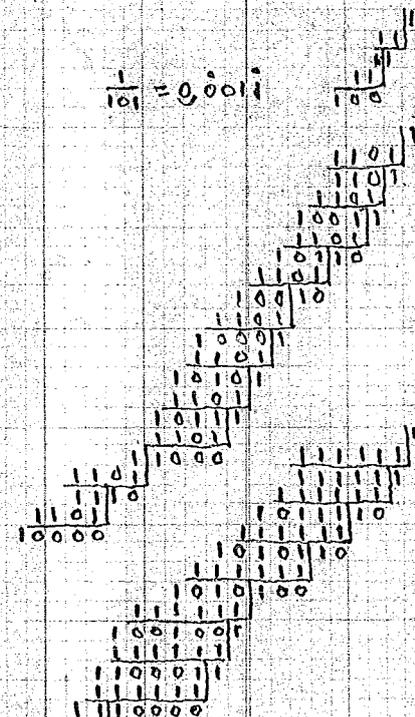
$\frac{1}{101^2} = 0.0000101000$
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

$(101)^3 = \frac{11001}{1111101}$ requires its circulant $\frac{1111101}{111111}$

$\frac{1}{101} = 0.001$

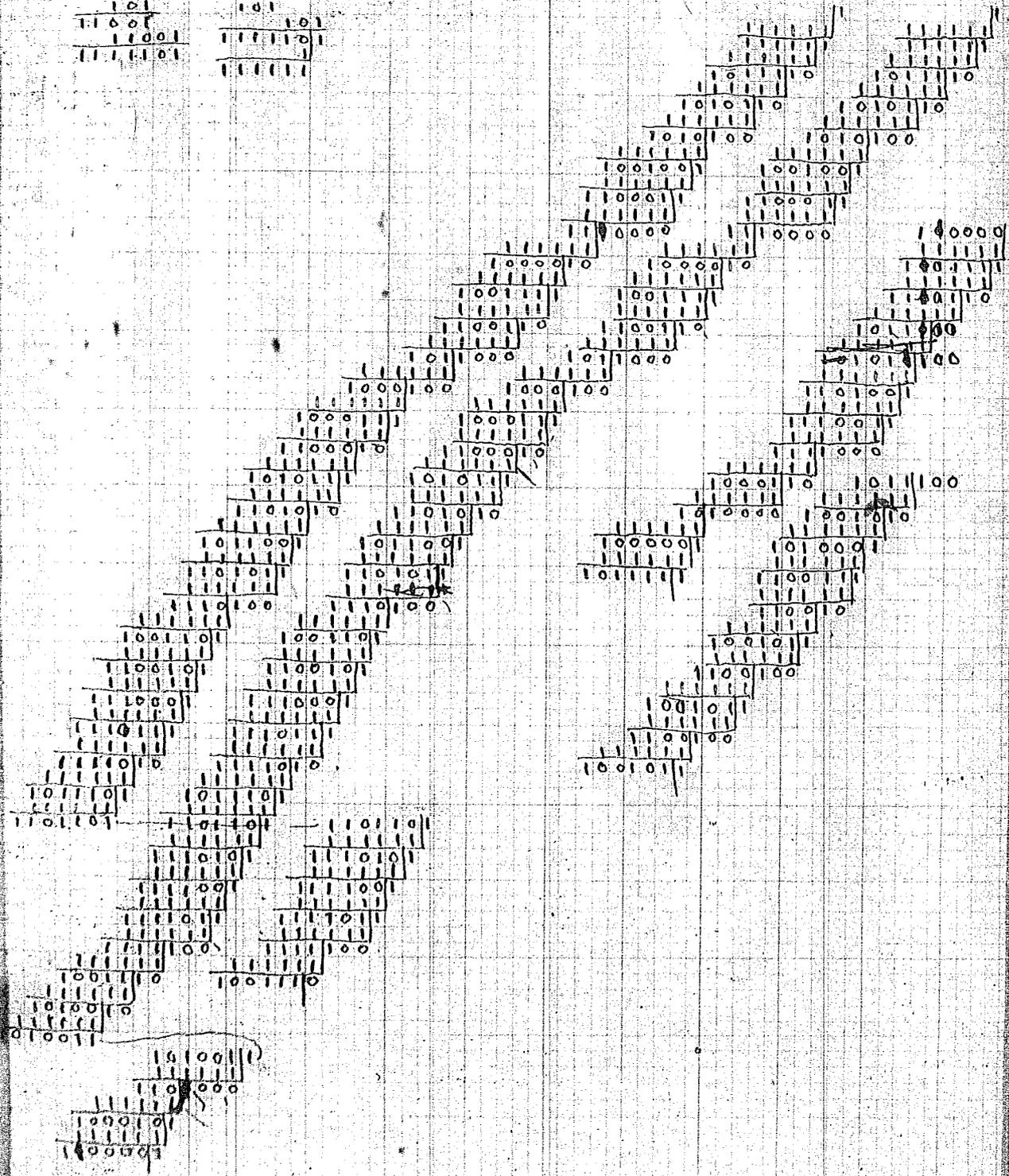


Some mistake!
 Turn over



Another try at $(101)^3$

101	101
11001	101
111101	11001
111101	111101



~~101 8001~~

$\frac{1}{101}$ 900110011001100110011001100110011001100110011

$\frac{1}{101}^{10}$ 90000101000111010101000001010001111010111

$\frac{1}{101}^{11}$ 9000000100000011000100100100110110100101110001010100

1111101111001110110110110010001011011000011100001011

$\frac{1}{101}^{100}$ 9000000000000010100010110110110001011011001100110001001

1 03 0 10 2 2 9 9 5 6 6 3 9 8 1
2 06 0 0 2 0 5 9 9 9 1 3 2 7 9 6 2
3 09 0 0 3 0 8 9 9 8 6 9 9 1 7 4 3
4 12 0 4 1 1 4 9 9 8 2 6 5 5 9 2 4
5 15 0 5 1 4 4 9 7 8 3 1 9 9 0 5
6 18 0 6 1 7 0 9 7 3 9 8 3 8 8 6 6
7 21 0 7 2 0 9 9 6 4 7 8 6 4 7 8
8 24 0 8 2 3 9 9 6 5 3 1 1 8 8 2 9
9 27 0 9 2 6 9 9 6 0 9 7 5 8 2 9
30 1 0 2 9 9 9 5 6 6 3 9 8 1 0

1584962500721156
447121254719662
301029495663981
176091259055681
1505149978319905
255762612236905
2408239955311848
144386157057202
120411998265592
28974158791610
27092699609752
1881459181852
1806170973984
075279207869
060205999123
15073218735
15051499783
0021072100
0686852
0602060
034793
030103
04684
03010
1679
1505
174
181
-7

1001
11101100110100
000011010001110
3100101011100000
1584962500721156
15
0625
0224
015625
006837
00390625
0293125
001953125
000978125
0009765625
000001563221156
00000095367431640625
00000060954683959375
00000047686715820312
00000013270968139062
00000011920928955078
01350039183985
745058059632
604981124293
372529029846
272453094447
18626454922
86187579524
46566128730
39621458794
23283064363
7638386429
11641532185
4696854244
2910383040
1786471200
1455191533
331279677
1818989446
149380737
90949476
58431267
45474735
12956532
11368684
1887848
1821085
166763

5
25
125
0625
03125
015625
0078125
000390625
0001953125
00009765625
000048828125
0000244140625
00001220703125
000006103515625
0000030517578125
00000152507490625
0000007621939452125
00000003814697265625
000000009073486328125
00000000095367431640625
00000000046037158203125
0000000002384185791015625
00000000011920928955078125
00000000059604644745390625
000000000298023223876953125
0000000001490116119384765625
0000000007450580576923828125
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1455111514551115228366851806640625
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360797680360797680709171295166015625
18149894618149894603545856475830078125
909494769094947617729282379150390625
45474735454747358646411845751953125
2273736742273736742323205947875765625
1136868411368684160297393798828125
5684345684341861080801486968994140625
28421709305404007434844970703125
142108548527020087174224853515625
710542732635100185871124267578125
3552713663175500929355621337890625
177635683158725

00111101111
1000110101
025
075
125
0625
03125
015625
0078125
000390625
0001953125
00009765625
000048828125
0000244140625
00001220703125
000006103515625
0000030517578125
00000152507490625
0000007621939452125
00000003814697265625
000000009073486328125
00000000095367431640625
00000000046037158203125
0000000002384185791015625
00000000011920928955078125
00000000059604644745390625
000000000298023223876953125
0000000001490116119384765625
0000000007450580576923828125
00000000027252902984619140625
000000000186264514923095703125
000000000931322574615478515625
23283064323283064365386962890625
116415322108415321826934814458125
58207660582076609134674072265625
221038302210383045673370361328125
1455111514551115228366851806640625
777595768177759576141834259033203125
360797680360797680709171295166015625
18149894618149894603545856475830078125
909494769094947617729282379150390625
45474735454747358646411845751953125
2273736742273736742323205947875765625
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5684345684341861080801486968994140625
28421709305404007434844970703125
142108548527020087174224853515625
710542732635100185871124267578125
3552713663175500929355621337890625
177635683158725

1 03 01 02 4 4 5 6 7 8 9
06 02 05 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
09 03 08 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
12 04 11 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
15 05 14 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
18 06 17 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
21 07 20 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
24 08 23 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
27 09 26 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
30 10 29 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

5 6601011322
25 3010299913
125 3570744109
0625 5004141088
03125 3010299957
015625 2793844131
0070125
00390625
001953125
0009765625
00048828125
000244140625
0001220703125
00006103515625
000030517578125
0000152587890625
00000762939453125
0000030140697265625
00000019073486328125
000000095367431640
4768371580
2384185796
1192092896
596046448
298023228
149011618
74505806
37252903
186264511
9313226
4656613
2328306
1164163
582097
291098
145529

1584962500744
047712725472
030102999566
17609123906
150514997830
25576261230
240823996528
14938615772
12041199826
2897415946
2709269961
188145985
100617997
07527988
06020600
1505150
1505150
002238
2107
130
120
1001010111011000001
1584962500744
0
0625
0224
015625
006837
00390625
00293125
001953125
000978125
0009765625
000015632
0000043307431640625
0000056568359375
24470823281250
2304185
6093656836
4768371532
1327285304
1192092896
135192408
74505806
60686602
37252903
23433739
18626451
4807288
4656613
150675

232192809493
069097000434
060205999132
09691001302
040308998698
06607014322
060205999132
03804144088
020205999132
2703844295
2709269961
084574170
060206000
243681170
24082600
0285770
2709270
14843
12041
27093
1010007710100001
132192809493
10101001001101001110111
13219289493
1000110101
07
0625
0094
0078125
0016164
0009765625
0006398868
0048828125
00015160535
0001220703125
0000295352375
0000152587890625
0000142764484375
00000762939453125
00000664705370625
000003814697265625
000002834356640625
0000019073486328125
0000009276880078125
0000004768371532
4501708546
2384185766
2117522780
1192092880
000000925429897
0000006046442
00000029383463
000000298023221
1360234
18626457
12733783
9313226
3420557
2328306
1092251
582097
510174
291038

log11 = 1 0010 1 0111 0000 0000 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1
log10 = 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 4 0 0

1 03
2 06
3 09
4 12
5 15
6 18
7 21
8 24
9 27
30

5 25
125 125
0625 0625
03125 03125
015625 015625
0070125 0070125
00390625 00390625
001953125 001953125
0009765625 0009765625
00048828125 00048828125
000244140625 000244140625
0001220703125 0001220703125
00006103515625 00006103515625
000030517578125 000030517578125
0000152587890625 0000152587890625
00000762939453125 00000762939453125
0000030140697265625 0000030140697265625
00000019073486328125 00000019073486328125
000000095367431640 000000095367431640
4768371580 4768371580
2384185796 2384185796
1192092896 1192092896
596046448 596046448
298023228 298023228
149011618 149011618
74505806 74505806
37252903 37252903
186264511 186264511
9313226 9313226
4656613 4656613
2328306 2328306
1164163 1164163
582097 582097
291098 291098
145529 145529

4656613
2328306
1164163
582097
291033
14551
7275
3637
1818
909
454
227
1130
56

To calculate $(2)^{10}$

$$x^4 + 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 1 = 1$$

$$x^{10} + 100x^9 + 110x^{10} + 100x^9 = 1$$

Handwritten notes

10110 10000
 1011 1000100
 100001 111010000
 1000100101

10101
 1010111

1000100101 100010010100
 1000100101 101101010100
 1100110111 100010010100

100 1100
 1000 10000
 1110100 10110
 10001 10110
 10110
 1000100101
 101110101000
 100010110000
 1111010110000
 1010010010001000
 10001100110011101
 10001010000011100

10100
 00000000
 101111
 011101
 101101
 1000
 1011

101101010000
 101101010000
 111101010000
 111101010000
 101101010000

101101010000
 101101010000
 101101010000
 11110011010001000

101101010000
 101101010000
 101101010000
 101101010000
 101101010000

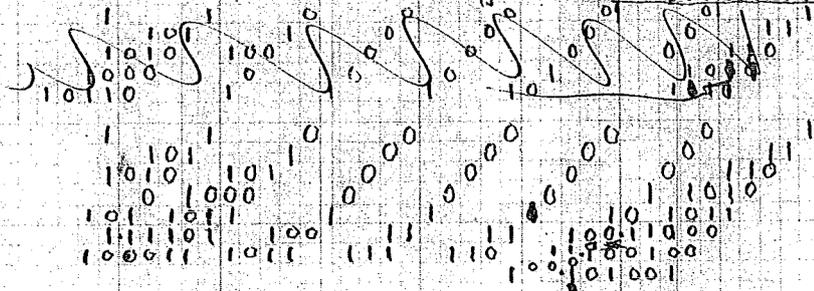
101101010000
 101101010000
 101101010000
 101101010000
 101101010000

Continued Multiplication

Example: Multiply together

223
227
233
239

229	223	128	238
128	128	64	224
101	95	32	15
64	64	3	
37	31	227	
5			



32
16.2
8.4
4.2.2
2.2.2.2

16
8
4
2

2000-0
0000-0
0000-0
0000-0

1011111
1000101
1110100
1110111

64
32.2
16.4
8.8
4.4.2
2.2.2.2

128
64.2
32.4
16.8
8.4.2
4.4.2.2

4
2
1

To Convert Decimals into Secundals

Conversion
Table

	10^0	10^1	10^2	10^3
0	0000	0000	0000	0000
1	0001	0010	0100	1000
2	0010	0100	1000	0000
3	0011	0110	1100	0000
4	0100	1000	0000	0000
5	0101	1010	0100	0000
6	0110	1100	0000	0000
7	0111	1110	0100	0000
8	1000	0000	0000	0000
9	1001	0010	0100	0000
10	1010	0100	1000	0000
11	1011	0110	1100	0000
12	1100	1000	0000	0000
13	1101	1010	0100	0000
14	1110	1100	0000	0000
15	1111	1110	0100	0000

16	0000	0000	0000	0000
17	0001	0010	0100	1000
18	0010	0100	1000	0000
19	0011	0110	1100	0000
20	0100	1000	0000	0000
21	0101	1010	0100	0000
22	0110	1100	0000	0000
23	0111	1110	0100	0000
24	1000	0000	0000	0000
25	1001	0010	0100	0000
26	1010	0100	1000	0000
27	1011	0110	1100	0000
28	1100	1000	0000	0000
29	1101	1010	0100	0000
30	1110	1100	0000	0000
31	1111	1110	0100	0000

1024
1026
1028
1032
1040
1050
1088

9 0 10 2 9 9 5 6 3 9 8 1 2
7 2 3 3 8 9 3 9 4 7 7 3
1 1 4 7 3 6 0 7 7 5 7 9 7
1 9 4 9 1 1 4 7 5 9 2 5 7
3 6 7 9 6 9 7 2 9 1 1 9 8
2 7 9 3 3 3 9 2 9 8 7 2 0
3 6 2 8 8 9 5 3 6 2 1 6 1

4 2 3 9 0 8 9 5 1 9 6 1
4 2 3 4 9 5 3 8 4 6 3 4
8 4 5 7 5 3 9 8 3 4 2 0

4 2 3 9 0 8 9 5 1 9 6 1
8 4 5 7 5 3 9 8 3 4 2 0
1 6 9 3 1 5 8 1 1 9 4 5
3 3 7 9 7 4 0 6 5 1 3 8 1
5 7 3 3 3 8 2 6 5 8 9 6 8 5
1 3 3 6 3 9 6 2 5 5 7 9 8 1
2 6 3 2 8 0 2 8 7 2 2 3 4 9
3 1 1 3 2 5 2 2 4 4 7 3 8 1
9 0 9 1 0 0 3 0 0 8 0 5 7
1 7 6 3 9 1 2 5 9 0 5 5 6 8 1

2 6 3 2 8 9 3 8 7 2 2 3 4 9

0 9 6 9 1 0 6 1 3 0 0 8 0 5 6
4 5 7 5 7 4 9 0 5 6 0 6 1 3
5 0 4 5 2 5 2 2 4 4 7 3 8 1

3 9 7 9 4 0 8 8 8 6 7 2 0 3 8
3 4 6 7 8 7 4 8 6 2 1 4 6 5 6
5 1 5 2 5 2 2 4 4 7 3 8 2

6 7 8 7 0 0 6 4 3 3 6 0 1 1 9
5 2 3 8 7 8 7 4 5 2 8 0 2 3 8
1 7 6 0 7 1 2 5 9 4 5 5 6 8 1

3 9 7 9 4 0 0 0 0 7 2 0 3 8
3 0 1 0 2 9 9 3 5 6 6 3 9 8 1
9 6 9 1 0 0 1 3 0 0 8 0 5 7

$$\Delta^0 + \frac{x}{1} \Delta^1 + \frac{x(x-1)}{2!} \Delta^2 + \frac{x(x-1)(x-2)}{3!} \Delta^3$$

Put $x = \frac{1}{2}$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{128}$$

$$\Delta^0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta^1 + \frac{1}{8} \Delta^2 + \frac{1}{16} \Delta^3 + \frac{5}{128} \Delta^4$$

1876 Paris Bend. Spring. Diff's of transits wright & left.

Dir.	Jan 25	Calc	O-C	down	Calc	O-C	Jan 26	up
2	+016			-006			-027	-010
1	+ 4			000			-008	-013
1	- 3			-008			-022	-020
Sum	- 9			+037			-028	-041
							85	

2

Paris Pond ~~merg~~ Diff. of area

1876 Jan 26 up.

Directly. W 1' (2')

Deduct from times
Arc W-E Coldiff area

75'	16 ^s	(17.5) (1.4)
70	22	.94
55	37	(1.45)
50	57	1.56
45	53	(1.28)
40(1)	74	1.56
35	65	
		Concluded 1.56

Area of
times from

Δt	20 A	29
116.9	-0.27	0.85
90.0	-0.08	0.25
60.9	-0.22	0.69
29.8	-0.28	0.88
	At 0.6	Calc
	-0.27	4
	-0.08	6
	-0.22	8
	-0.28	17

Down

0.85 E 1' (2')

1 50	57	2.11
40	63	2.02
30	104	2.37
10	132	2.47
0 40	222	2.04
		Concluded 2.20

At 0.6	Calc	0-C
-0.27	6	-20
+0.04	8	-4
+0.40	12	+28
-0.07	23	+30 (16)

Jan 28 Down

0.75 W 1' (1')

2 10	101	
1 50	9:	
1 40	11:	
1 30	7:	
50	33	0.41
40	13	0.12
		Concluded 0.26

LLP E 3/4 (1.5)

1 50	301	2.50
1 20	260	3.12
1 10	79	3.38
		Concluded 3.25

Jan 29 up E 1' (2')

1 20	67:	
10	69:	
1 30	57	3.52
20	65	3.60
10	88	3.76
50	103:	
40	172	3.63
		Concluded 3.63

Feb 2 up W 1/2 (1')

1 10	19	0.81
50	38	1.06
40	53	1.12
		Concluded 1.09

down E 3/4 (1.5)

1 50	53	1.96
40	69	2.21
1 50	57	2.11
40	77(6)	(2.15)
20	107	2.37
10	115	2.15
0 50	176	2.19
40	269	
		Concluded 2.16